

2.3 billion people still do not have basic sanitation facilities

such as toilets or latrines in 2015.

OUR GOAL

We will propose the sanitation value chair as a common solution for both developed and developing countries. Of these, 892 million still defecate

for example in street gutters, behind bushes or into open bodies of water.

Poor sanitation is linked to transmission of

diseases

such as cholera, diarrhoea, dysentery, hepatitis A, typhoid and polio.

Poor sanitation also contributes to mainutrition.

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The Sanitation Value Chain:

Designing Sanitation Systems as Eco-Community-Value System

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What is sanitation?

"Sanitation gen<mark>erally r</mark>efers to the provision of facilities and services for the safe disposal of human urine and faeces. The word 'sanitation' also refers to the maintenance of hygienic conditions, through services such as garbage collection and wastewater disposal." (WHO)

Sanitation/L *fe

Focusing on values and historical developments of people, we will clarify the relationship between sanitation and people's lives.

Techno [gy

We will re-evaluate the circumstances and values necessary for using sanitation technology.

In addition, we will develop technologies to respond to different boundary condition.

Co 🖘 creation

Through collaboration with regional stakeholders, we will co-create and realize the sanitation value chain.

Sanitation is a value chain.

Even if you prepare only toilet bowl, you can not use it.

Water, materials and energy are flowing around the toilet.

And various actors need to be involved. Sanitation is a chain of values creted by these actors.



