

Excursion

We have a plan of sightseeing for three famous old constructions, Kyoto Imperial Palace, Kinkaku-ji, and Kiyomizu-dera. Kinkaku-ji and Kiyomizu-dera are UNESCO World Heritage Site.

Schedule

09:20	RIHN house Please get together in front of RIHN house.
10:00~11:00	Kyoto Imperial Palace
11:20~12:30	Lunch Restaurant of Kyoto Imperial Palace (075-231-0374) We will eat "udon". This is Japanese noodle.
13:00~14:00	Kinkaku-ji (temple)
14:30~16:00	Kiyomizu-dera (temple)
17:00~	We will break up in Kiyomizu-dera (free time). We can transport to Kyoto station, Shijyo-Kawaramachi (downtown: many restaurant and shopping site), and RIHN.

Tour conductor:

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Kyoto Imperial Palace

The Kyoto Imperial Palace is an imperial palace of Japan, though the Emperor of Japan is not in residence. The Emperor has resided at the Tokyo Imperial Palace since 1869 (Meiji Restoration) and ordered the preservation of the Kyoto Imperial Palace in 1877.

Kinkaku-ji (Buddhist temple)

Kinkaku-ji or "Golden Pavilion Temple" is the informal name of Rokuon-ji or "Deer Garden Temple" in Kyoto, Japan. It was originally built in 1397 to serve as a retirement villa for Shogun Ashikaga Yoshimitsu, as part of his estate then known as Kitayama. It was his son who converted the building into a Zen temple of the Rinzaï school. The temple was burned down twice

during the Ōnin War.

Kiyomizu-dera (Buddhist temple)

Kiyomizu-dera was founded in the early Heian period. The temple dates back to 798, and its present buildings were constructed in 1633. It takes its name from the waterfall within the complex, which runs off the nearby hills. Kiyomizu means clear water, or pure water.



Kiyomizu-dera



Kinkaku-ji